

Early Opening of Concrete Pavements to Traffic

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The Research Problem

- ❑ Current traffic-opening criteria
 - ❑ empirical
 - ❑ overly conservative (Croveti and Khazanovich, 2005)
 - ❑ causing unnecessary construction delays and cost
- ❑ Concrete strength measurements
 - ❑ indirect (based on strength of cast aside beams or cylinders) or destructive (coring)
 - ❑ expensive

Strength Opening Criteria

State	Age for Opening (days)	Minimum Compressive Strength (psi)	Minimum Flexural Strength (psi)	Comments
DE		3500		
IL	14	3500	650	
MD	7	3000		
MI	7	2600	550	-Flexural strength must be met before opening regardless of other values
NJ	10	3000		
NY (Construction)	7	2500		-Min 3 days if meets strength
NY (Traffic)	10	3050		-Min 4 days if meets strength -15 days if not between 6/1-9/15
OH			400	
PA	7	3000		
TX (Construction)	2	2800	450	
TX (Traffic)	7	3500	750	
VA	14		600	

MnROAD Study

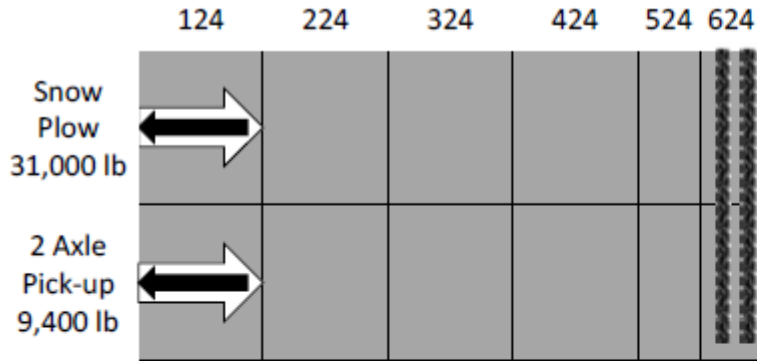


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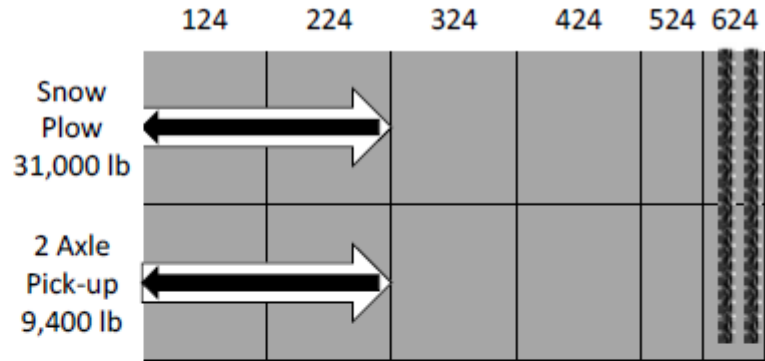


MnROAD Study

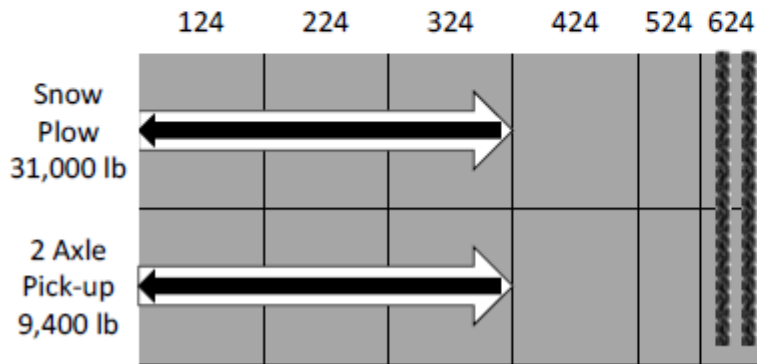
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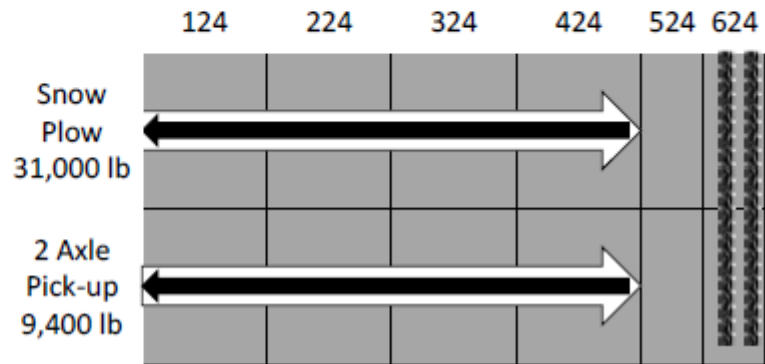
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

No visible damage!

Van Deusen et al, 2018



Research objectives

Develop a strategy that can be implemented by the IRISE members for optimal timing of traffic opening.

Project Objectives

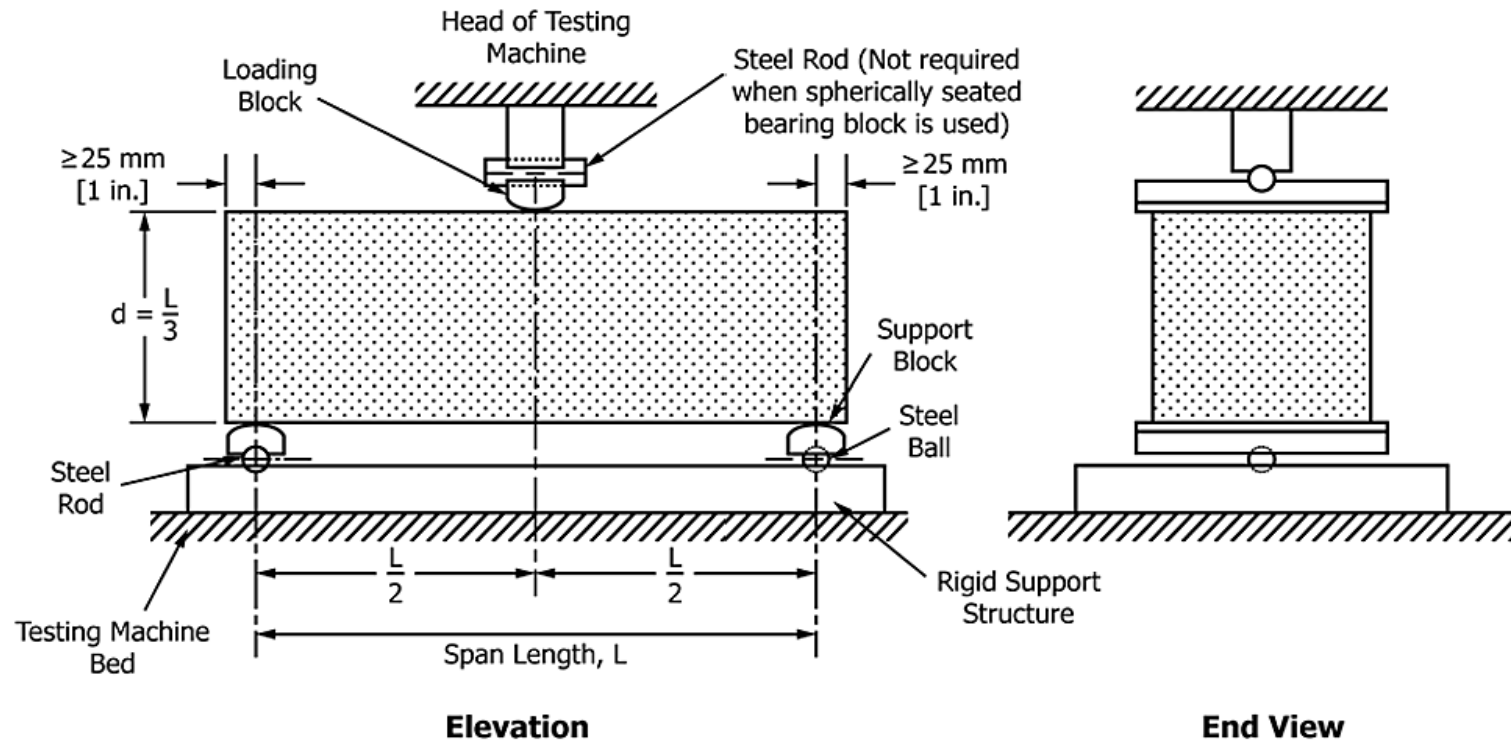
- ❑ Provide effective, localized design tool to Pennsylvania pavement engineers compatible with the AASHTOWare Pavement ME program similar to MnPAVE Rigid, the tool used by MnDOT
- ❑ Accelerate implementation of the AASHTO Mechanistic-Empirical Pavement Design Guide (MEPDG)
- ❑ Reduce potential of design errors from the improper use of the AASHTOWare Pavement ME software
- ❑ Reduce or eliminate license fees required to perform MEPDG design using the AASHTOWare Pavement ME software

Project Approach/Deliverables

- Task A: Literature review
- Task B: Laboratory and field testing
- Task C: Develop mechanistic-empirical model
- Task D: Conduct traffic simulation
- Task E: Final Report

Laboratory and Field Testing

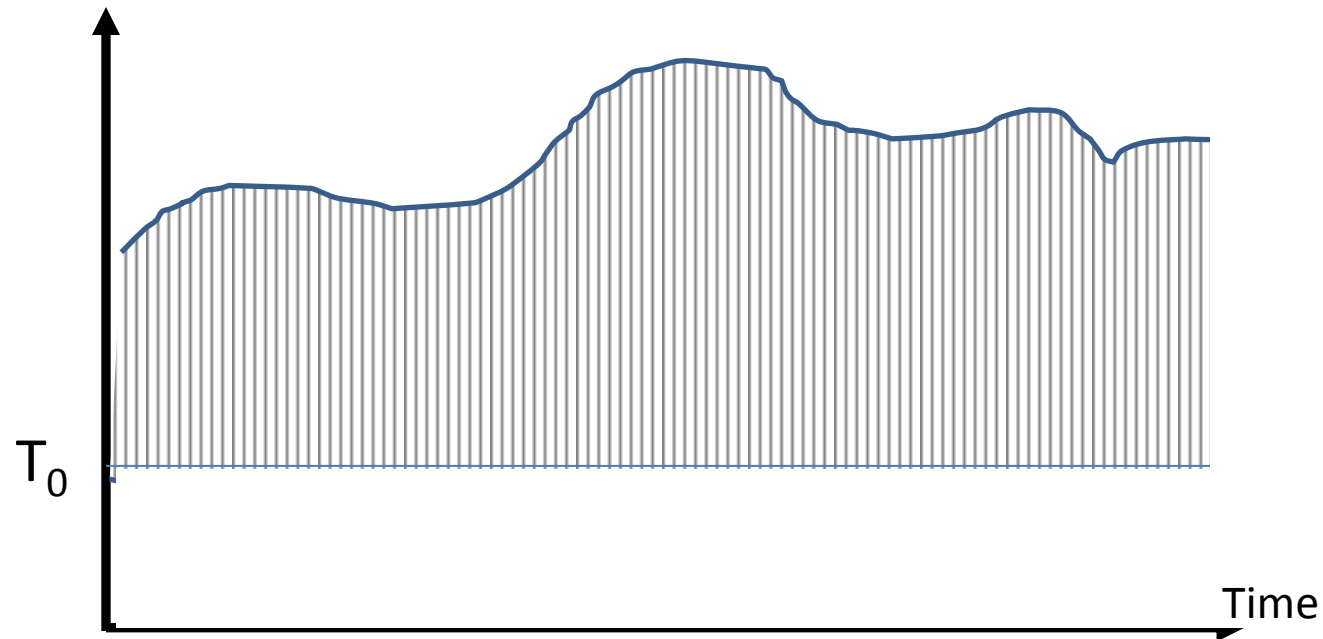
Strength Testing



ASTM

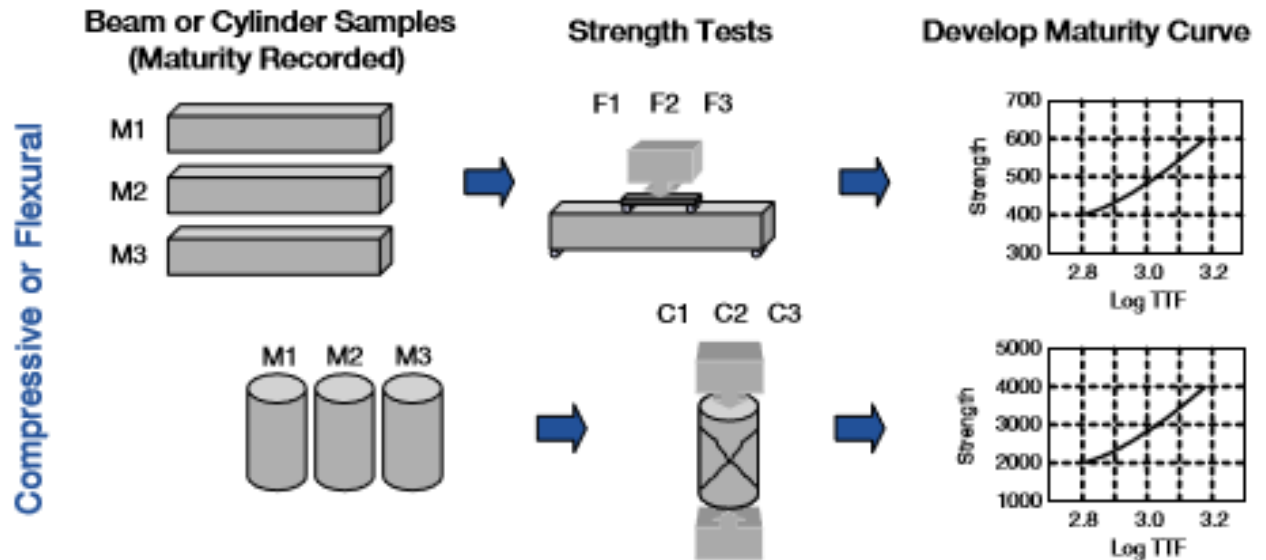
Laboratory and Field Testing Maturity Testing

Temperature

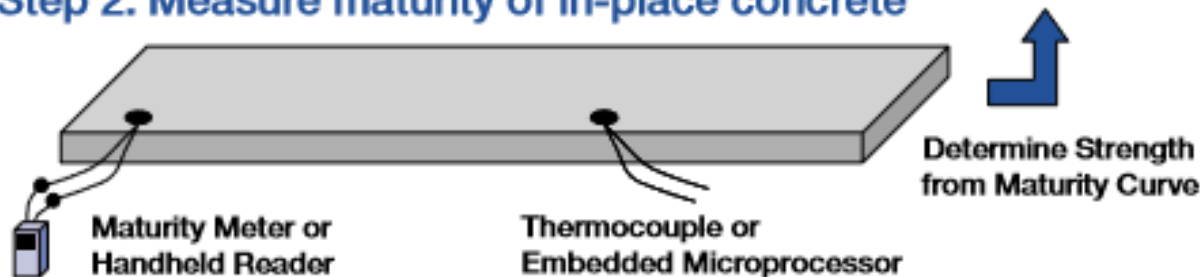


$$M(t) = \Sigma(T_a - T_o) \cdot \Delta t$$

Laboratory and Field Testing Maturity Testing

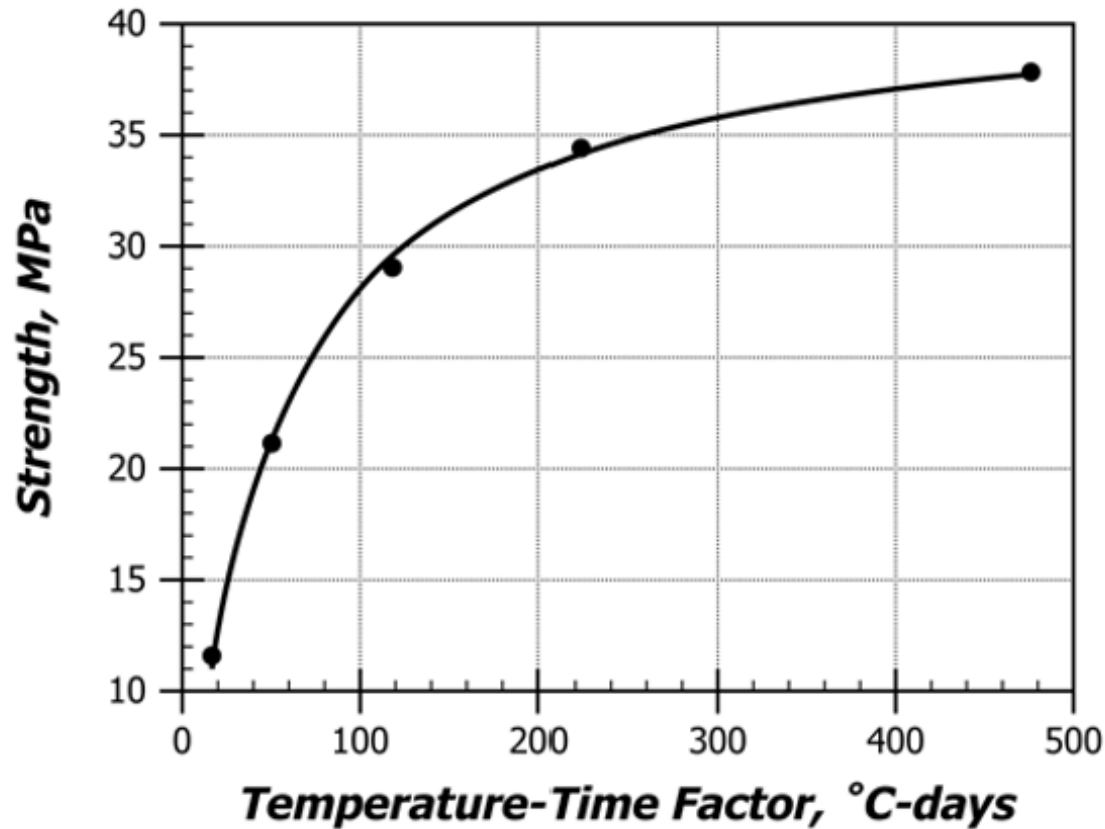


Step 2. Measure maturity of in-place concrete



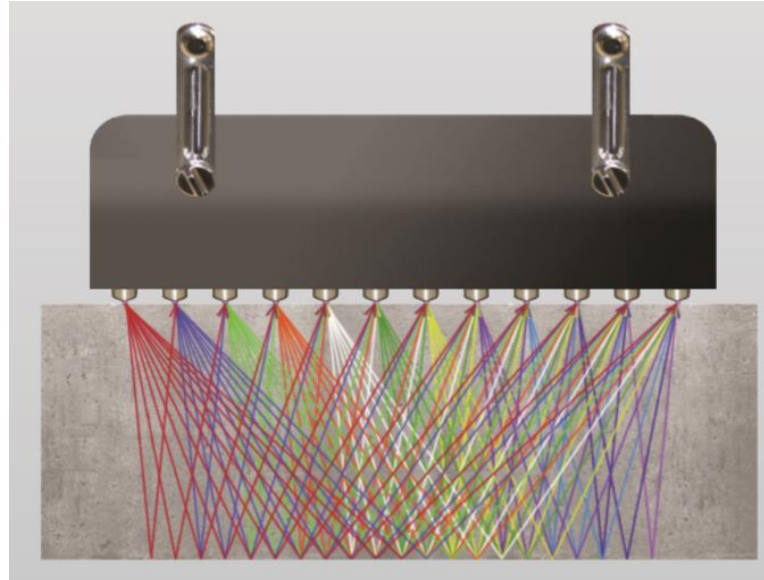
http://wikipave.org/index.php?title=Maturity_Testing

Laboratory and Field Testing Maturity Testing



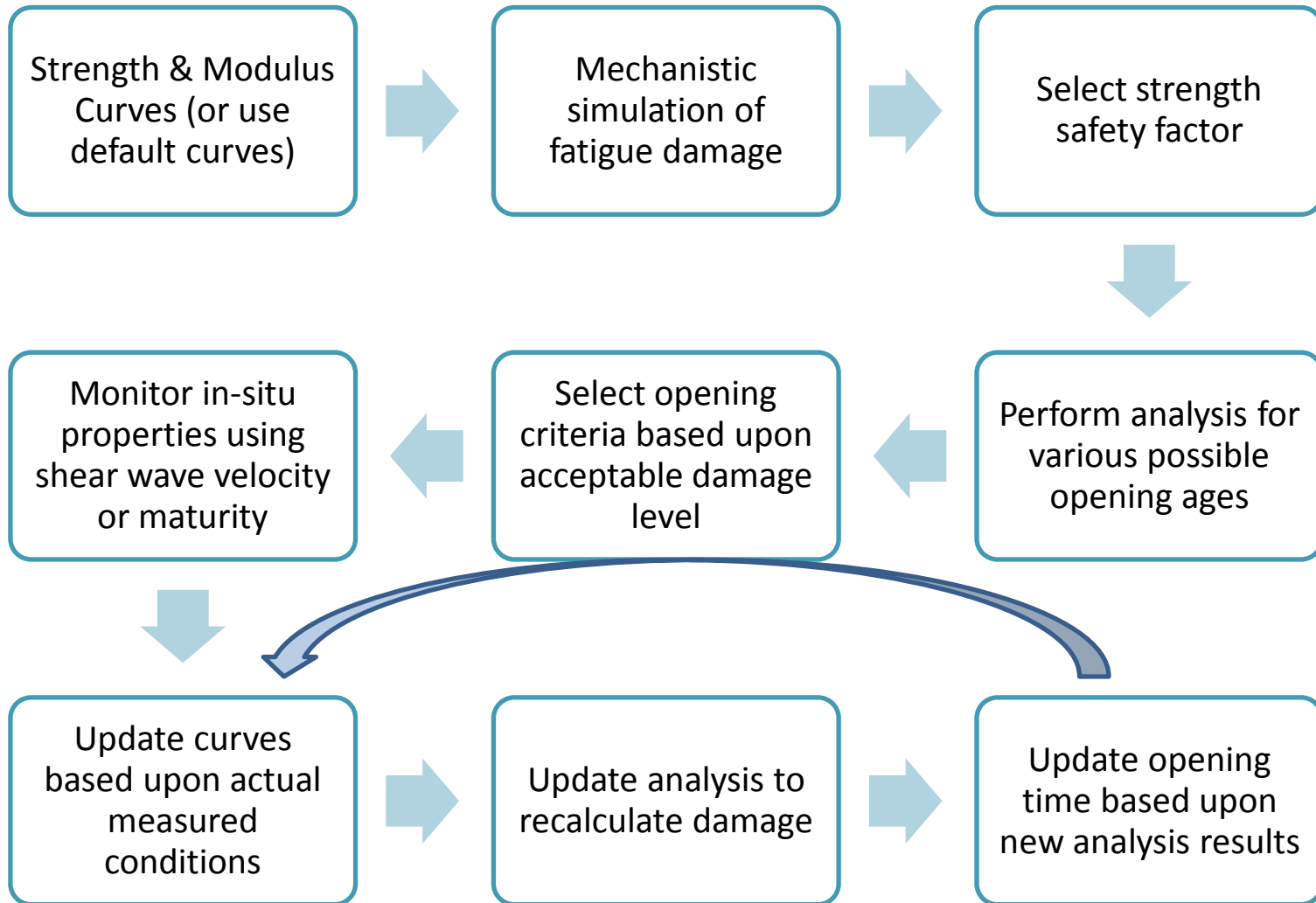
ASTM 1074

Laboratory and Field Testing Ultrasound Tomography Testing



Shear wave velocity → Concrete Modulus of Elasticity → Strength

Mechanistic-Empirical Model



Application of Research Results

- ❑ Reduction of construction time and cost
- ❑ Reduction of traffic congestion and user cost