

### Controls and Power Conversion Division

Welcome



# Eaton is a leader across the power management spectrum...

We provide reliable, efficient and safe power management for:



Cities & Buildings

Industrial & Machinery

Information Technology

Transportation

Infrastructure

**Energy & Utilities** 



Powering Business Worldwide



### **Industrial Conversion Division**

Our business delivers energy efficiency, diagnostics and labor saving solutions for the control of low voltage electrical control systems in the following areas:



#### **Building Equipment**

- Compressors & Refrigeration
- · Cooling towers
  - Air handling
- · Escalators / elevators
- EOEM / intercompany
  - Solar



#### **Pumping**

- Water / waste water treatment
  - Oil and gas
  - Irrigation
- · Hydraulic systems



#### **Machinery OEM**

- Packaging and processing
  - · Material handling
  - Mining machinery
  - Machine tools
  - Paper machinery
  - Rubber and plastic
- Woodworking machinery



### ICD Products High Level Overview Current

#### **Motor Control**



Contactors



Electro-Mechanical Starter



S801/S811 Soft Starter



**Drives** 

#### **Motor Protection**



Bi-Metal Overload



\*C440 Solid State Overload



State Overload

\*New

Simple

Advanced



### **AC Motors: Power Consumption**

- According to the DOE AC motors utilize:
  - More than 50% of all electrical energy in the US
  - More than 85% of the electrical energy used in industrial production

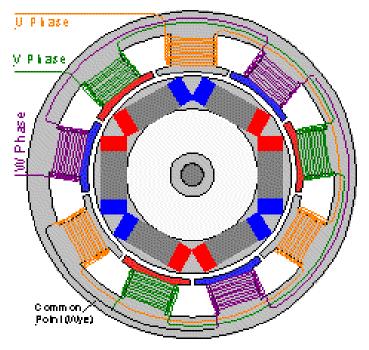




#### AC Motors: Poles and Fields

- Electric motors move based on a the interaction of magnetic fields.
- AC motors are powered by rotating magnetic fields.

$$RPM = \frac{120 * Driving frequency}{Number of Poles}$$





### **AC Motors: Speed**

- When powered across the line with 60 Hz, motors will run at one speed
- In the past, simple speed control was often achieved by a vent, a throttling valve, or mechanical breaking – all highly inefficient



**Building HVAC System** 



Irrigation System

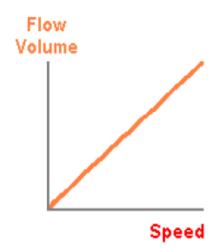


Conveyor Belt System

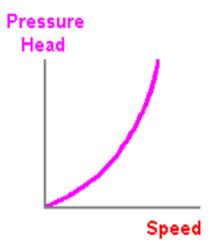


## AC Motors: Energy Savings

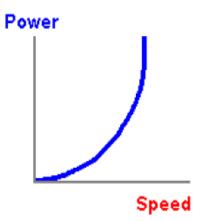
- Flow varies linearly with speed 50% speed 50% flow
- Pressure varies as square of speed 50% speed 25% pressure
- Power varies as cube of speed 50% speed 12.5% power



$$\frac{\mathsf{Flow}_1}{\mathsf{Flow}_2} = \frac{\mathsf{RPM}_1}{\mathsf{RPM}_2}$$



$$\frac{\mathsf{Head}_1}{\mathsf{Head}_2} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{RPM}_1}{\mathsf{RPM}_2}\right)^2$$



$$\frac{\mathsf{Power}_1}{\mathsf{Power}_2} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{RPM}_1}{\mathsf{RPM}_2}\right)^3$$



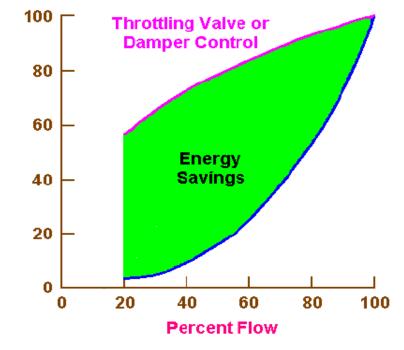
### AC Motors: Energy Savings

- Difference in energy usage between a throttle and directly changing the driving frequency of the motor
  - Makes a big difference at lower speeds
- How would we make this happen?



**Building HVAC System** 

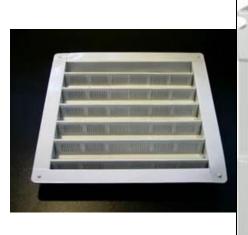
#### **Power Consumption**





## AC Motors: Energy Savings

- Difference in energy usage between a throttle and directly changing the driving frequency of the motor
  - Makes a big difference at lower speeds
- How would we make this happen? Variable Frequency Drive



**Building HVAC System** 





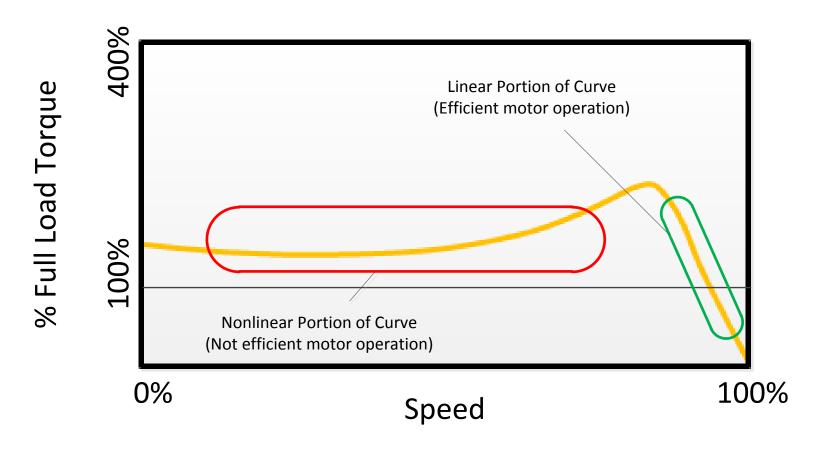
100

60

80

#### **Drives: Basics**

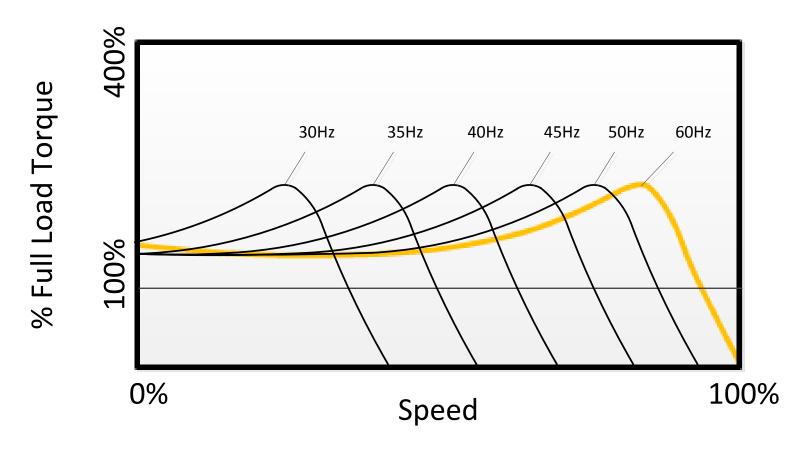
Torque vs. Speed curve at 60Hz – NEMA B motor





### **Drives: Basics**

Torque vs. Speed curve with VFD



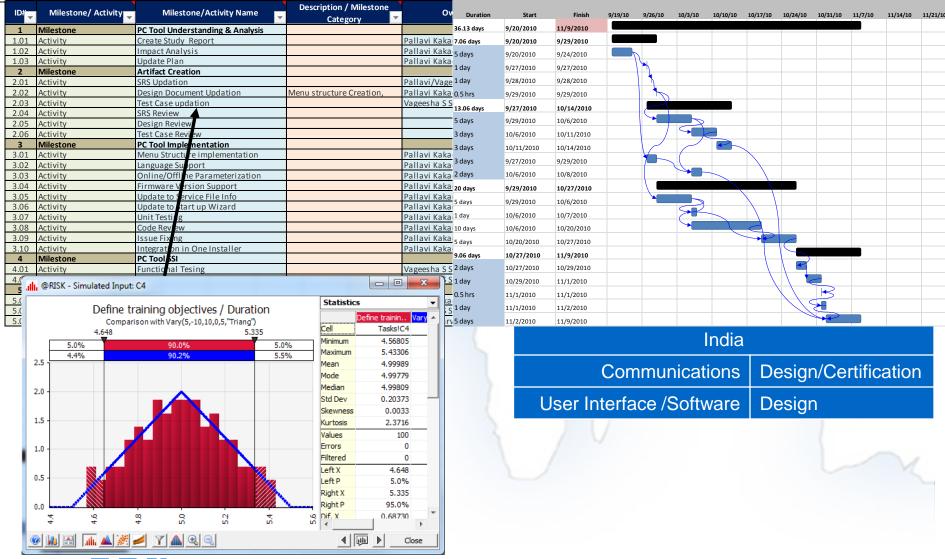


### **Project Management**

- Drive Work Breakdown Structures and Scheduling
- Maintain Project Budget
- Track and Mitigate Risk
- Keep all project stakeholders informed of progress and pertinent updates
- Understand all aspects of the project to ensure that all technical developments teams have the information they need to meet deliverable dates.



# Project Management: Global Teams & Scheduling



# Project Management: Project Budget

- Resource hours for all disciplines
  - Design/development, testing, drafting, industrialization, Etc.
- Capital expenditures for Project
  - Test equipment, manufacturing equipment, tooling, new building
- All engineering and Introduction Expenses
  - Certification testing, samples, shipping, marketing/advertising, external licensing, etc.
- Projected sales, product cost, and attrition of old product
- Operating profit, net income, years to payback, and NPV of project



# Project Management: Project Key Risks

Risk	Mitigation Plan
Certification/Marketing Requirements - Potential failure of certification testing in development at marketing specified levels – impacting sales by XXX% of potential growth	Identify appropriate levels where unit will pass certification testing via simulation at outset of project.
<u>Supply Chain Management</u> - Sole sourcing of critical components (pricing, supply, etc.)	Ensure cost protection with long term contract. And identify fall back suppliers with fastest development time
<b>Development Testing</b> - EMC testing of components.	Development team to work closely with venders to identify best practices for eliminating EMC with their components.



### Project Management: Inform Project Stakeholders

- Taking accurate/pertinent meeting notes
  - Distributing to applicable parties
- Monthly status updates to Sr. MGMT team
- "Gate Reviews" of the project with DGC members:
  - Go, Go Conditional, No Go, Kill verdict selected based on update.



## Project Management: Understand All Aspects

#### Mechanical

- Housing development and part manufacturing
- Wire harness design
- Shock & vibe/environmental testing

#### Electrical

- PBC design & component ratings
- CT design and manufacturing
- Agency Certifications UL, CUL, IEC, C-TIC, ATEX, Marine, etc.

#### Software

- Software, firmware, and control design and development
- Full system and user interface testing

#### Industrialization

- First run production prototyping
- Manufacturing processes and required capital investments
- Initial Sales and Marketing Efforts
  - "Marketing blitzes" and sales force integration efforts



